

**COURSE COVERAGE SUMMARY A.Y:2019-20****III YEAR B. TECH II SEMESTER (C-SECTION)****MACHINE DESIGN - II (R17A0319)****UNIT-1**

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Types of Journal Bearings	A Text Book of MACHINE DESIGN by R.S Kurmi	962-964
2	Lubrication		965
3	Bearing Modulus		974-975
4	Full and partial bearings, Clearance ratio		963,973,974
5	Heat dissipation of bearings		978
6	Bearing Materials		968-969
7	Journal bearing design		978-979
8	Ball and roller bearings		996-1002
9	Static loading of ball and roller bearings		1003,1008
10	Bearing life		1009,1010
11	Problems on Journal Bearings	R.S Kurmi S. Md. Jalaludeen	979-984, 17.27-17.37
12	Problems on ball and roller bearings	R.S Kurmi S. Md. Jalaludeen	1011-1017, 18.31-18.44

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- The load on the journal bearing is 150 kN due to turbine shaft of 300 mm diameter running at 1800 r.p.m. Determine the following :
 - Length of the bearing if the allowable bearing pressure is 1.6 N/mm², and
 - Amount of heat to be removed by the lubricant per minute if the bearing temperature is 60°C and viscosity of the oil at 60°C is 0.02 kg/m-s and the bearing clearance is 0.25 mm.
- A ball bearing subjected to a radial load of 5 kN is expected to have a life of 8000 hours at 1450 r.p.m. with a reliability of 99%. Calculate the dynamic load capacity of the bearing so that it can be selected from the manufacturer's catalogue based on a reliability of 90%.
- A 100 mm long and 60 mm diameter journal bearing supports a load of 2500 N at 600 r.p.m. If the room temperature is 20°C, what should be the viscosity of oil to limit the bearing surface temperature to 60°C? The diametral clearance is 0.06 mm and the energy dissipation coefficient based on projected area of bearing is 210 W/m²/°C.
- Select single row deep groove ball bearing for an application in which the radial load is 2000 N and axial is 1000N during 90 per cent of the time and radial of 8000 N with axial load of 5000N during the remaining 10 per cent. The shaft is to rotate at 150 r.p.m. Life of the bearing is 5000 hours. Also find the life of the selected bearing with 95% reliability.
- Select a ball bearing to carry satisfactorily a 65 kN radial load together with 10 kN of thrust load. The journal supported by the bearing rotates at 1400 rpm for an estimated 0.1 million hours of life. The journal diameter is 100 mm. 5 M b) A 80 mm long journal bearing supports a load of 2800 N on a 50 mm diameter shaft. The bearing has a radial clearance of 0.05 mm and the viscosity of the oil is 0.021 kg / m-s at the operating temperature. If the bearing is capable of dissipating 80 J/s, determine the maximum safe speed.

- Following data is given for a 3600 hydrodynamic bearing. Journal diameter=100mm, bearing length=100mm, radial load=50kN, journal speed=1440 rpm, radial clearance=0.12 mm, viscosity of lubricant =16 Cp. Calculate: i) Minimum oil film thickness, ii) Coefficient of friction and iii) Power lost in friction.
- A single row deep groove ball bearing No.6002 is subjected to an axial thrust of 1000 N and a radial load of 2200 N. Find the expected life that 50 % of the bearings will complete under this condition.
- A Ball bearing works on the following work cycle

Element No.	Radial Load (N)	Speed (r.p.m)	Element time (%)
1	3000	720	30
2	7000	1440	40
3	5000	900	30

The dynamic load capacity of the bearing is 16600N. Calculate

- The average speed of rotation
- The equivalent radial load
- The bearing life.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTL VIDEO LINKS:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ALPKXoclcaw>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=64EfZpMuOho>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RL06hHfOb3c>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gcHM8iiZ2Ws>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ePVReO5pRvU>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vGI7nQUbWGM>
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GevX7x_PxWE
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=L1riecGFhaQ>

- STUDY MATERIAL: Refer Digital Notes

https://mrcet.com/downloads/digital_notes/ME/III%20year/MACHINE%20DESIGN%20II.pdf

- PPTs: Refer Digital Notes&also refer

<https://www.slideshare.net/chetanvadodariya/11-bearing-types-and-appl-guidelines>

UNIT-2

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Connecting Rod & Thrust in connecting rod	A Text Book of MACHINE DESIGN by S. Md. Jalaludeen	14.1-14.3
2	Stress due to whipping action on connecting rods		14.4-14.6
3	Pistons		14.7-14.8
4	Forces acting on pistons		14.8
5	Construction, Design and proportions of piston		14.9-14.18
6	Problems on Connecting rod and piston		14.18-14.27



ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- Design a cast iron trunk type piston for a single acting four stroke engine developing 75 kW per cylinder when running at 600 r.p.m. The other available data is as follows: Maximum gas pressure = 4.8 N/mm^2 ; Indicated mean effective pressure = 0.65 N/mm^2 ; Mechanical efficiency = 95%; Radius of crank = 110 mm; Fuel consumption = 0.3 kg/BP/hr; Calorific value of fuel (higher) = $44 \times 10^3 \text{ kJ/kg}$; Difference of temperatures at the centre and edges of the piston head = 200°C ; Allowable stress for the material of the piston = 33.5 MPa; Allowable stress for the material of the piston rings and gudgeon pin = 80 MPa; Allowable bearing pressure on the piston barrel = 0.4 N/mm^2 and allowable bearing pressure on the gudgeon pin = 17 N/mm^2 .
- The following data is given for the piston of a four-stroke diesel engine: Cylinder head = 250 mm Material of piston rings = Grey cast iron Allowable tensile stress = 100 N/mm^2 Allowable radial pressure on cylinder wall = 0.03 MPa Thickness of piston head = 42 mm Number of piston rings = 4. Calculate all the dimensions related to piston and piston rings.
- A connecting rod is required to be designed for a high speed, four stroke I.C. engine. The following data are available. Diameter of piston = 88 mm; Mass of reciprocating parts = 1.6 kg; Length of connecting rod (centre to centre) = 300 mm; Stroke = 125 mm; R.P.M. = 2200 (when developing 50 kW); Possible over speed = 3000 r.p.m.; Compression ratio = 6.8 : 1 (approximately); Probable maximum explosion pressure (assumed shortly after dead centre, say at about 3°) = 3.5 N/mm^2
- Design a CI piston for a single acting four stroke petrol engine of the following specifications :
Cylinder bore = 100mm
Stroke Length = 120mm
Maximum gas pressure = 5MPa
Break mean effective Pressure = 0.65MPa
Fuel Consumption = 0.17kg/bhp/min Speed = 220rpm
- Design a connecting rod of I-cross section for an automobile diesel engine of the following specifications. Diameter of cylinder = 100mm Stroke length = 125mm Maximum combustion pressure = 2.8MPa Maximum engine speed = 2000rpm Weight of the reciprocating parts = 1.1kg Length of connecting rod between centers = 31.5cm Assume an allowable crushing stress = 3000 kg/cm^2 .

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS:
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FkA7rmZdNZw>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Wcqwi-2TKr4>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r45xO3SGLoY>
- STUDY MATERIAL: Refer Digital Notes
https://mrcet.com/downloads/digital_notes/ME/III%20year/MACHINE%20DESIGN%20II.pdf
- PPTs: Refer Digital Notes & also refer
https://www.slideshare.net/karuppusamypitchai/u2-design-of-piston?qid=efb2eb6a-f9c9-4da5-9826-2b798b307f2b&v=&b=&from_search=7



UNIT-3

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Transmission of power by Belt Drives,	A Text Book of MACHINE DESIGN by R S Khurmi & J K Gupta	677-682
2	Transmission efficiencies, Flat and V type		683-697 727-730
3	Transmission of power by Rope Drives		739-752
4	Stresses and deflections of Helical springs	A Text Book of MACHINE DESIGN by S. Md. Jalaludeen	12.1-12.8
5	Extension and compression rings		12.9-12.15
6	Design of springs for fatigue loading		12.21-12.24
7	Natural frequency of helical springs		12.15-12.18
8	Energy storage capacity		12.19-12.20
9	Helical torsion Springs		12.25-12.27
10	Problems on Flat belt Drives	A Text Book of MACHINE DESIGN by R S Khurmi & J K Gupta	697-710
11	Problems on V-Belt Drives and Ropes		731-743

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- A V-belt drive system transmits 100 kW at 475 r.p.m. The belt has a mass of 0.6 kg/m. The maximum permissible tension in the belt is 900 N. The groove angle is 38° and the angle of contact is 160° . Find minimum number of belts and pulley diameter. The coefficient of friction between belt and pulley is 0.2.
- An open belt 100 mm wide connects two pulleys mounted on parallel shafts with their centres 2.4 m apart. The diameter of the larger pulley is 450 mm and that of the smaller pulley 300 mm. The coefficient of friction between the belt and the pulley is 0.3 and the maximum stress in the belt is limited to 14 N/mm width. If the larger pulley rotates at 120 r.p.m, find the maximum power that can be transmitted.
- A V- belt drive is used to connect two shafts 1 m apart for transmitting 90 KW at 1200 rpm of a driver pulley. Take effective diameter of driver pulley = 250 mm, effective diameter of drive pulley = 900 mm, coefficient of friction = 0.25, density of the belt material = 1100 kg/m^3 , the angle of groove = 40° , area of the belt section is 400 mm^2 and permissible stress is 2.46 MPa. Calculate the number of belts required and the length of belt.
- Select a suitable wire rope for a vertical mine hoist to lift a load of 10 kN from 60 m deep. The rope should have a factor of safety equal to 6. The weight of the bucket is 5 kN. The load is lifted up with a maximum speed of 150 metres/min which is attained in 1 second.
- Find the width of a Flat belt required to transmit 12 kW at 1600 rpm of motor. The diameter of smaller pulley is 120 mm and that of driven pulley is 300 mm. The angle of contact on smaller pulley is 2.9 radians and larger pulley is 3.38 radians. The coefficient of friction on smaller pulley is 0.4 and for larger pulley is 0.3. The belt used is 8 mm thick and weighs 10 KN/m^2 . Allowable tension in belt is 1.75 MPa.
- Two close coiled helical springs are compressed between two parallel plates by a load of 1 kN. The springs have a wire diameter of 10 mm and the radii of coils are 50 and 75 mm. Each spring has 10 coils and is of the same initial length. If the spring is placed inside the larger one such that both the springs are compressed by same amount, calculate (a) the total deflection, and (b) the maximum stress in each spring. Take $G = 40 \text{ GPa}$ for both the springs.
- A helical spring, in which the slope of the helix may be assumed small, is required to transmit a maximum pull of 1 kN and to extend 10 mm for 200 N load. If the mean diameter of the coil is to be the 80 mm, find the suitable diameter for the wire and number of coils required. Take $G = 80 \text{ GPa}$ and allowable shear stress as 100 MPa.



ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS: Belts

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nMsB6Soz4Hc&list=PLA5C56D8447F78725&index=9>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Fb4weO0HLxk&list=PLA5C56D8447F78725&index=10>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FfVtpHTeu-8&list=PLA5C56D8447F78725&index=11>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cfAK1bbdtp8>
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SI_RoeNEVwg

Springs:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Qfhlea6KzZA&list=PLA5C56D8447F78725&index=6>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=46quOD7V-cQ&list=PLA5C56D8447F78725&index=7>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T4IgtIkBnOo&list=PLA5C56D8447F78725&index=8>

- STUDY MATERIAL: Refer Digital Notes

https://mrcet.com/downloads/digital_notes/ME/III%20year/MACHINE%20DESIGN%20II.pdf

- PPTs: Refer Digital Notes&also refer

https://www.slideshare.net/sammydude10/springs-10310410?gid=f572ceeb-cc1a-4f4b-8052-411e277fd515&v=&b=&from_search=3
https://www.slideshare.net/vijay431/belt-drives-126571575?gid=bcc65e59-daf0-4efe-8ceb-30bcf0a9cd26&v=&b=&from_search=5

UNIT-4

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Spur gears	Machine Design & R.S. Khurmi & J.K. Gupta	1021-1023
2	Important Design Parameters		1024-1027
3	Design of gears using AGMA procedure involving Lewis		1036-1039
4	Buckingham equations & Helical gears		1067-1071
5	Check for wear		1042-1044

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- What should be the module, face width and number of teeth on each gear of a pair of spur gears, a C45 steel pinion driving a cast iron gear, if they are to transmit 18.75 kW at 700 rev/min of the 0.18m pinion in continuous service? The velocity ratio is 3, the teeth are 200 full depth and the load is smooth. Determine the outside and root diameters.
- Two parallel shafts are connected by a pair of steel helical gears. The power transmitted is 15kW at 4000rpm of the pinion. The safe static strength for the material is 100MPa. Gear ratio is 4:1. Stub teeth with 20° pressure angle in diameter plane have helix angle of 45°. Also calculate the necessary BHN with the standard point of wear. Check the design for dynamic load and suggest modification if necessary. Use 30 teeth on the pinion.
- A pair of 20° full-depth involute tooth spur gears is to transmit 30 kW at a speed of 250 r.p.m. of the pinion. The velocity ratio is 1:4. The pinion is made of cast steel having an allowable static stress, $\sigma_o = 100$ MPa, while the gear is made of cast iron having allowable static stress, $\sigma_o = 55$ MPa. The pinion has 20 teeth and its face width is 12.5 times the module. Determine the module, face width and pitch diameters of both



the pinion and gear from the standpoint of strength only taking velocity factor into consideration.

- A pair of helical gears with 30° helix angle is used to transmit 15 kW at 10 000 r.p.m. of the pinion. The velocity ratio is 4 : 1. Both the gears are to be made of hardened steel of static strength 100 N/mm². The gears are 20° stub and the pinion is to have 24 teeth. The face width may be taken as 14 times the module. Find the module and face width from the standpoint of strength and check the gears for

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTL VIDEO LINKS:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CCpFji0RBw0&list=PLSGws_74K01_e499POG3gcxncnJEHMWE&index=3
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aIWB_E-qOWg
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ULuO1LxTnuI>
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4yW5_bAqMU
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sUMZvDv_ADg
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bAh1yRzrYJs&list=PLm_MSCIsnwm-QwOu8EkbM7C-DOUB4DxLD&index=45
- STUDY MATERIAL: Refer Digital Notes https://mrcet.com/downloads/digital_notes/ME/III%20year/MACHINE%20DESIGN%20II.pdf
- PPTs: Refer Digital Notes&also refer
<https://www.slideshare.net/YashShah328/spur-gear-and-design-of-spur-gear>
<https://www.slideshare.net/AMIR92671/design-of-helical-gear-box>
<https://slideplayer.com/slide/12099846/>

UNIT-5

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Design of screw	Machine Design & R.S. Khurmi & J.K. Gupta	624-625
2	Important Terminology		632-635
3	Square, ACME, Buttress thread		642-643
4	Compound screw		669-673
5	Differential screw		667-673

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- A vertical two start square threaded screw of a 100 mm mean diameter and 20 mm pitch supports a vertical load of 18 kN. The axial thrust on the screw is taken by a collar bearing of 250 mm outside diameter and 100 mm inside diameter. Find the force required at the end of a lever which is 400 mm long in order to lift and lower the load. The coefficient of friction for the vertical screw and nut is 0.15 and that for collar bearing is 0.20.
- The lead screw of a lathe has Acme threads of 60 mm outside diameter and 8 mm pitch. It supplies drive to a tool carriage which needs an axial force of 2000 N. A collar bearing with inner and outer radius as 30 mm and 60 mm respectively is provided. The coefficient of friction for the screw threads is 0.12 and for the collar it is 0.10. Find the torque required to drive the screw and the efficiency of the screw.



- A power screw having double start square threads of 25 mm nominal diameter and 5 mm pitch is acted upon by an axial load of 10 kN. The outer and inner diameters [10M] Page 3 of 3 of screw collar are 50 mm and 20 mm respectively. The coefficient of thread friction and collar friction may be assumed as 0.2 and 0.15 respectively. The screw rotates at 12 r.p.m. Assuming uniform wear condition at the collar and allowable thread bearing pressure of 5.8 N/mm^2 , find: 1. the torque required to rotate the screw; 2. the stress in the screw; and 3. the number of threads of nut in engagement with screw.
- A nut and screw combination having double start square threads nominal diameter 25 mm and pitch 5 mm subjected to axial load of 1000 N. The outer and inner diameter of the screw collar is 50 and 20 mm respectively. The coefficient of friction for collar thread and screw thread are 0.15 & 0.2 respectively. The screw rotates at 12 rpm. Assume uniform wear condition, and allowable bearing pressure is 5.77 N/mm^2 . Determine, i) Power required to rotate the screw ii) Stresses in screw Body & threads iii) No. of threads of nut in engage with screw.
- A machine slide weighing 3000 N is elevated by a double start acme threaded screw at the rate of 840 mm/min. If the coefficient of friction be 0.12, calculate the power to drive the slide. The end of the screw is carried on a thrust collar of 32 mm inside diameter and 58 mm outside diameter. The pitch of the screw thread is 6 mm and outside diameter of the screw is 40 mm. If the screw is of steel, is it strong enough to sustain the load?
- The screw of a press has square threads and is 60 mm nominal diameter. The maximum unsupported length is 40 mm. The screw is made of 25C4 steel and the nut is of phosphor bronze. Determine the capacity of the press and length of the nut. If the coefficient of friction for the threads is 0.15 and 0.14 for the thrust collar, determine the necessary torque, taking outside and inside diameter of thrust collar to be 100 mm and 30 mm respectively.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTL VIDEO LINKS:
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TiAuAf6cZUM&list=PL3D4EECEFAA99D9BE&index=18>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GfbcxJmjn9s>
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HZJv_MoJhdk
- STUDY MATERIAL: Refer Digital Notes
https://mrcet.com/downloads/digital_notes/ME/III%20year/MACHINE%20DESIGN%20II.pdf
- PPTs: Refer Digital Notes&also refer
<https://www.slideshare.net/rajyotiroy/power-screw-69459821>
<https://www.slideshare.net/vishalmuttagi/design-of-power-screw>



**COURSE COVERAGE SUMMARY A.Y:2019-20****III YEAR B. TECH II SEMESTER (C-SECTION)****DATA STRUCTURES USING PYTHON (R17A0553)****UNIT-1**

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Introduction to Python, Installation and Working with Python	Through Internet	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/
2	Understanding Python variables Python basic Operators,		https://www.studytonight.com/
3	understanding python blocks,		
4	Python Data Types: Declaring and using Numeric data types: int, float, complex, Using string data type and string operations.		

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- 1) Write the Features of Python Programming.
- 2) Write about Installation and Working with Python.
- 3) Describe about String Operations with Examples

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS: https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs26/unit?unit=1&lesson=2
- STUDY MATERIAL: Soft-Copy provided Unit-Wise
- PPTs: Nil

Status: Completed**UNIT-2**

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Control Flow- if, if-elif-else, loops, for loop using ranges, string	Through Internet	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/
2	Use of while loops in python, Loop manipulation using pass, continue, break and else		https://www.studytonight.com/
3	Programming using Python conditional and loops block		
4	Python arrays.		

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

1. Explain the Conditional statements in python.
2. Describe Loop statements in python with example.
3. Explain Arrays implementation in python with examples.

5. Write the Python Program to display Prime numbers for given integer value.

6. Write the Python program to find Biggest of 3 numbers using Conditional statements.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS: https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs26/unit?unit=1&lesson=2
- STUDY MATERIAL: Soft-Copy provided Unit-Wise
- PPTs: NIL

Status: Completed

UNIT-3

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Functions -Calling Functions, Passing Arguments, Keyword Arguments, Default Arguments, Variable-length arguments	Through Internet	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/
2	Anonymous Functions, Fruitful Functions(Function Returning Values)		https://www.studytonight.com/
3	Scope of the Variables in a Function - Global and Local Variables.		
4	Powerful Lambda function in python.		

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

1. Define Function. and explain types of arguments passed to the Function with Examples.
2. Define Anonymous function. and write about usage of lambda functions with examples.
3. Define Scope. Describe about scope of variables with examples.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS: https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs26/unit?unit=1&lesson=2
- STUDY MATERIAL: Soft-Copy provided Unit-Wise
- PPTs: Nil

Status: Completed

UNIT-4

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Data Structures-List Operations, Slicing, Methods	Through Internet	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/
2	Tuples, Sets, Dictionaries		https://www.studytonight.com/
3	Sequences, Comprehensions		



4	Dictionary manipulation,		
5	list and dictionary in build functions		

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

1. Give a Comparison between List,Tuple and Dictionary.
2. Discuss about List and Dictionary Comprehension with Examples.
3. Define Data Structure and discuss Datastructures in Python Programming

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS: https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs26/unit?unit=1&lesson=2
- STUDY MATERIAL: Provided Unit-Wise
- PPTs: Nill

Status: 95%Completed(Some topics discussed in Unit-I)

UNIT-5

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Sorting:Bubble Sort,Selection Sort,Insertion Sort,Mergesort,Quick sort.	Through Internet	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/
2	Linked Lists,Stacks,Queues		https://www.studytonight.com/ http://btechsmartclass.com/

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

1. Explain LinkedList with example.
2. Explain the following sorting techniques
(a)Insertion Sort (b)Selection Sort
3. (a) Describe about Merge Sort with example.
(b) Write the Quick Sort algorithm to sort the list of elements

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS: https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs26/unit?unit=1&lesson=2
- STUDY MATERIAL: Provided Unit-Wise
- PPTs: Nill

Status:yet to be completed



COURSE COVERAGE SUMMARY A.Y:2019-20

III YEAR B. TECH II SEMESTER (C-SECTION)

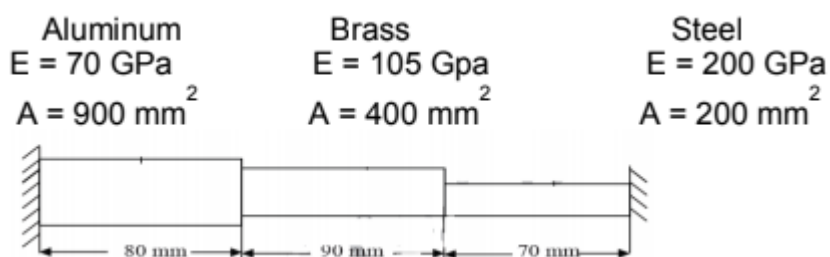
FINITE ELEMENT METHOD (R17A0320)

UNIT-1

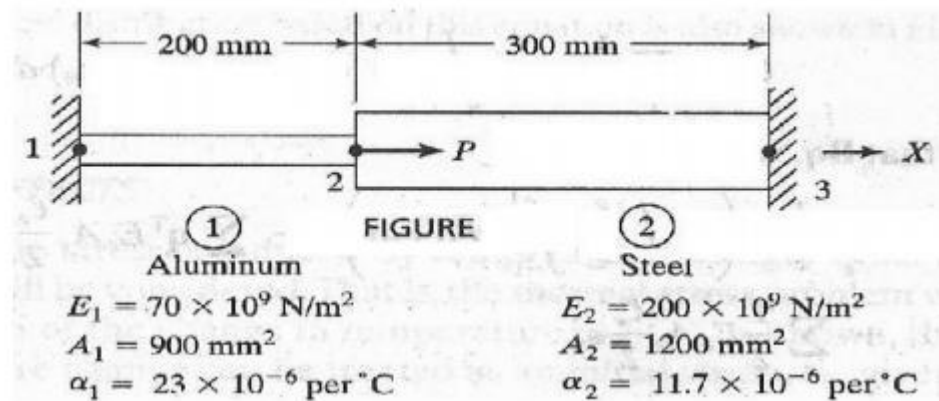
S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Introduction to Finite Element Method for solving field problems. Stress and Equilibrium. Strain – Displacement relations. Stress – strain relations.	Finite Element analysis & S.S.Bhavikatti	9-18
2	Advantages, Disadvantages and applications of FEM	Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
3	Finite element modeling coordinates and shape functions. Potential Energy approach : Assembly of Global stiffness matrix and load vector. Finite element equations, Treatment of boundary conditions, Quadratic shape functions.	Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

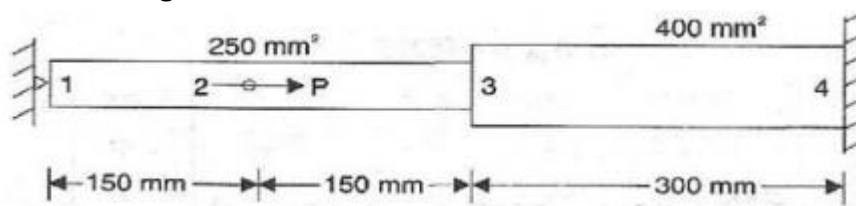
- For the three-stepped bar shown in Figure, determine the nodal displacements, nodal forces and stresses in the elements.



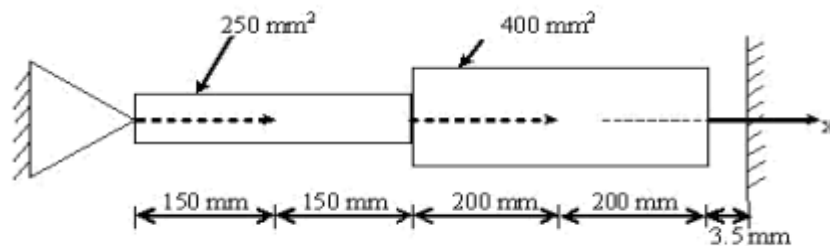
- Derive the equations of equilibrium for 3-D Body
- What is FEM? What are applications of FEM? What are Advantages and Disadvantages of FEM
- Explain Rayleigh's Ritz Method?
- Explain Weighted residual method
- An axial load $P=300 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$ is applied at 20° C to the rod as shown in Figure below. The temperature is raised to 60° C . a) Assemble the K and F matrices.
b) Determine the nodal displacements and stresses.



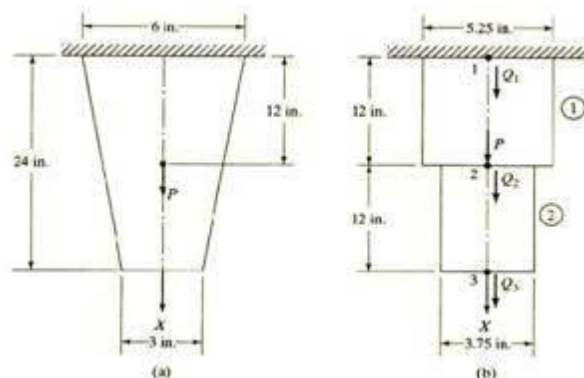
7. Explain the Steps involved (Discretization) in FEM
8. Explain the Concept of Minimum Potential Energy approach
9. Determine the nodal displacement and Element stresses for axially loaded bar as shown in the Fig. Consider axial load $P = 2\text{KN}$



10. Determine the nodal displacements, element stresses and support reactions for the bar as shown in Figure. Take $E = 200 \times 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2$



11. If a displacement field is described by $u = (-9x^3y^2 + 25x^2y^3)$ $v = (10x^3 + 20y^3 - 8x^2y^2)$ Determine the ϵ_x , ϵ_y , and γ_{xy} at the point $x = 2$, $y = 4$ also find the stresses σ_x , σ_y , τ_{xy} for plane stress condition if $E = 2.1 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $\mu = 0.30$.
12. Evaluate the stresses in each element Determine the reaction force at the support. consider
1in=1cm for SI UNITS



ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

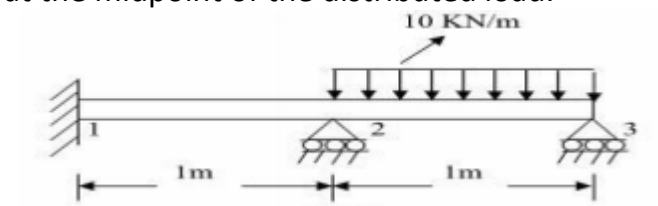
- NPTL VIDEO LINKS:
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/106/112106135/>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UOp6JEiJctA>
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A3eVp1_SEXY
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=57cmCLaQ8Ks>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MDUzkxK99Ec>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T6qMGdGuJvY>
- STUDY MATERIAL: Contents available in digital Notes. I will attach the Text books in what'up group
- PPTs: PPT available in digital Notes

UNIT-2

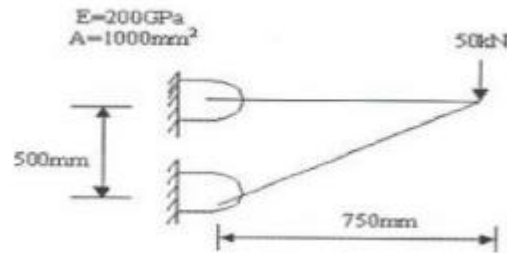
S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Analysis of Trusses: Stiffness matrix for plane truss element, Stress calculations and problems.	Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
2	Truss problems with Temperature effects	Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
3	Analysis of Beams: Stiffness matrix for plane truss element, Stress calculations and problems.	Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

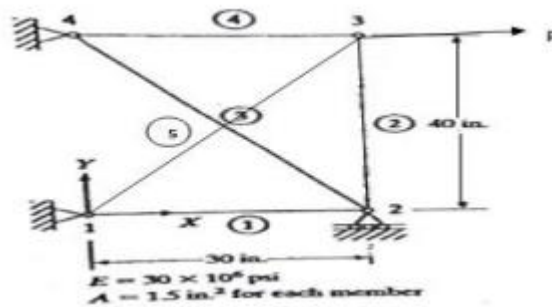
1. a.) Determine the shape functions for 4 – noded quadrilateral element.
2. For a beam and loading shown in fig., determine the slopes at 2 and 3 and the vertical deflection at the midpoint of the distributed load.



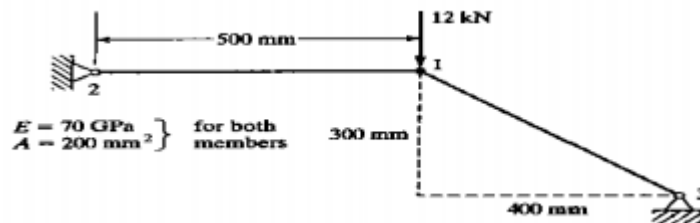
3. Calculate the stiffness matrix, stresses and reactions in the truss structure shown in Figure



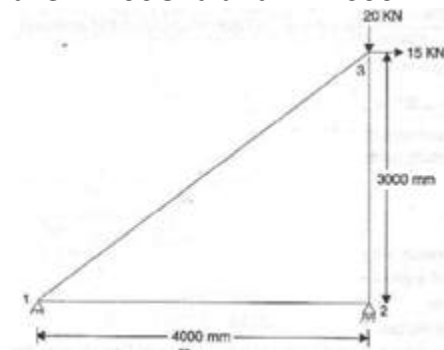
4. Derive the stiffness matrix for truss and beam as shown in figure and $P = 30 \text{ kN}$



5. Consider the truss shown in Fig.. Determine the displacement and stress in each truss member. Find element Stresses also.

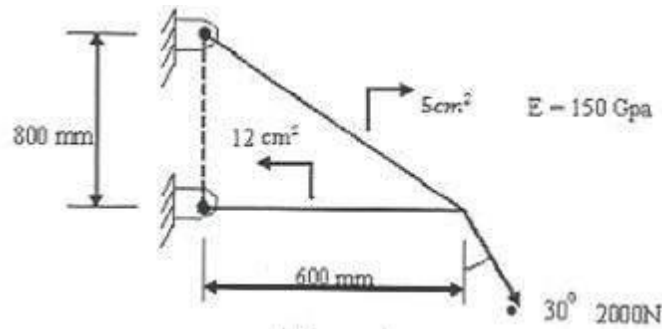


6. Obtain the forces in the plane Truss shown in Figure below and determine the support reactions also. Take $E = 200 \text{ GPa}$ and $A = 2000 \text{ mm}^2$



7. Calculate the nodal displacement, stresses and support reactions for the truss shown in figure





8.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTL VIDEO LINKS:
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yfyElneBW98>
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=z3bgQdRShO0>
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JphRVN9Eezc>
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m5Ng0C5ZFJ8>
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TUHIzqELwmg>
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m5Ng0C5ZFJ8>
- STUDY MATERIAL: Contents available in digital Notes. I will attach the Text books in what'up group
- PPTs: Available in digital Notes

UNIT-3

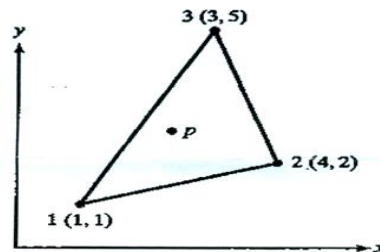
S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Finite element modeling and CST	1. Finite Element Methods Belugonda & Chandraputla 2. Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
2	Two dimensional stress analyses with CST	2. Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
3	CST element and treatment of boundary conditions. Convergence requirements	2. Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
4	Axi-symmetric loading with triangular elements derivation	2. Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
5	Axi-symmetric loading with triangular elements	2. Finite Element	



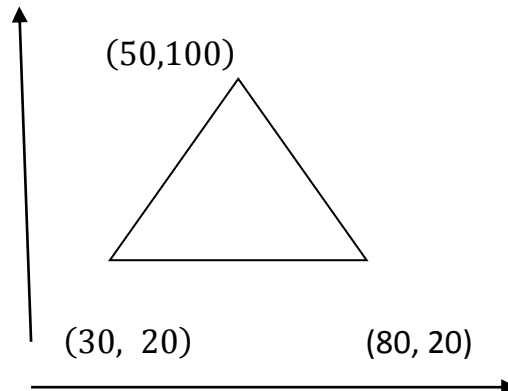
	problems	Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
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ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

1. a.) Write the difference between CST and LST elements
- b) For point P located inside the triangle shown in the figure below the shape functions N_1 and N_2 are 0.15 and 0.25, respectively. Determine the x and y coordinates of point P.



2. For the plane stress element shown in Fig, the nodal displacements are $u_1 = 2.0$ mm, $v_1 = 1.0$ mm, $u_2 = 0.5$ mm, $v_2 = 0.0$ mm, $u_3 = 3.0$ mm, $v_3 = 1.0$ mm and consider Young's Modulus $E = 210$ GPa, Poisson's ratio $\nu = 0.25$ and uniform plate thickness $t = 10$ mm. Determine the element stresses σ_x , σ_y , τ_{xy} , σ_1 and σ_2 and the principal axis angle θ_p .



3. Differentiate between Axi-symmetric elements and symmetric elements with suitable examples.
4. a.) Derive the Shape Functions N_1 , N_2 and N_3 for a plane triangular element.
- b.) Compute the strain displacement matrix and also the strains of a axis-symmetric triangular element with the coordinates $r_1 = 30$ mm, $z_1 = 40$ mm, $r_2 = 60$ mm, $z_2 = 50$ mm, $r_3 = 50$ mm, $z_3 = 80$ mm. The nodal displacement values are $u_1 = 0.01$ mm, $w_1 = 0.01$ mm, $u_2 = 0.01$ mm, $w_2 = -0.04$ mm, $u_3 = -0.03$ mm, $w_3 = 0.07$ mm

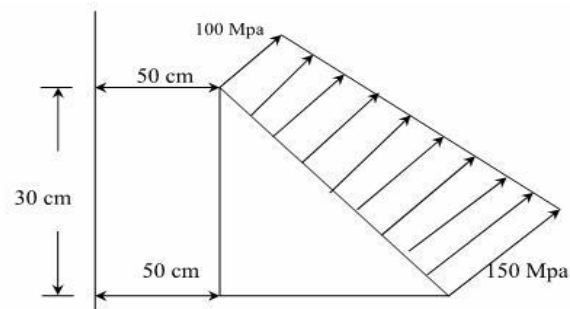


5.

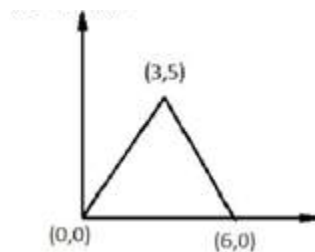
Explain the methodology to estimate the stiffness matrix of four noded Quadrilateral element.

b.) Evaluate $\int [e^{2x} + x^3 + 1 / (x^2 + 2)] dx$ over the limits -1 and +1 using one point

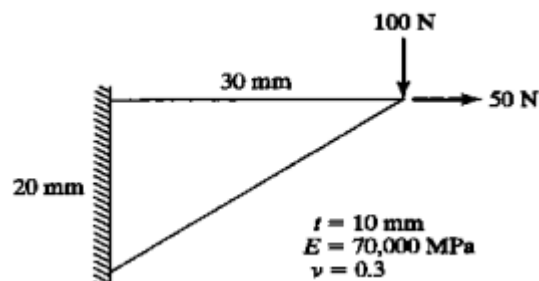
6. An axi-symmetric triangular element is subjected to the loading as shown in fig. the load is distributed throughout the circumference and normal to the boundary. Derive all the necessary equations and derive the nodal point loads.



7. Evaluate the element stiffness matrix for the triangular element shown under plane strain condition. Assume the following values $E=200 \text{ GPa}$, $\mu=0.25$, $t=1 \text{ mm}$



8. For the triangular plane structure given in Fig, determine the deflection at the point of load application using a one-element model. If a mesh of several triangular elements is used, comment on the stress values in the elements close to the tip.



ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

NPTL VIDEO LINKS:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m6u4lOK6RyY>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DCGm0qglXcs>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Bf1ZiBwAFQw>

- STUDY MATERIAL: Contents available in digital Notes. I will attach the Text books in what'up group

PPTs: Available in digital Notes

UNIT-4

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Two dimensional four node and isoparametric elements derivation & problems	Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
2	Numerical integration	Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
3	Heat transfer analysis introduction	Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
4	One dimensional steady state analysis composite wall.	Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
5	One dimensional fin analysis	Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
6	Two dimensional analysis of thin plate.	Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
7	Problems	Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	

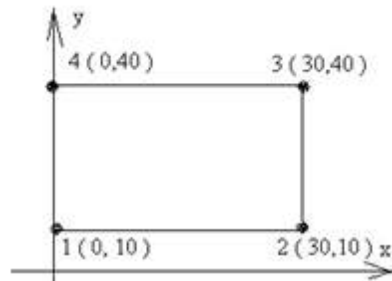
ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

1. Derive the shape functions of two dimensional four noded iso-parametric

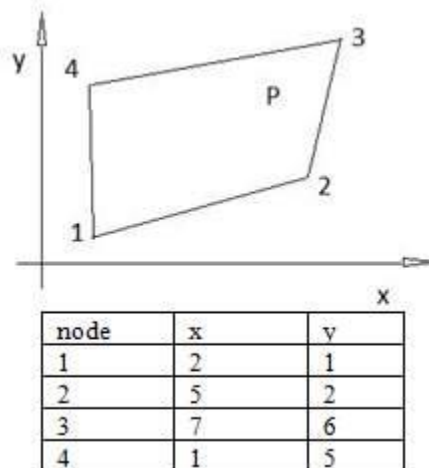


element. Plot the shape functions

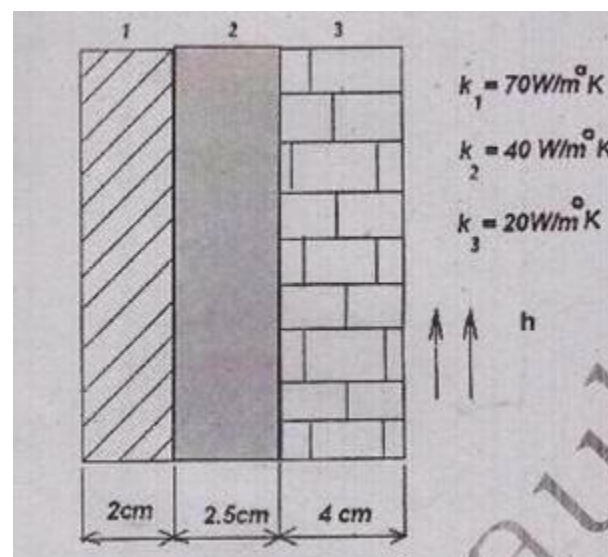
2. Explain the formulation of 4-noded Iso-parametric axi-symmetric element and derive the stiffness matrix.
3. Explain plane stress and plane strain conditions with suitable examples.
4. For the element shown in the figure, assemble Jacobian matrix and strain displacement matrix



5. for the Isoparametric quadrilateral element shown in fig , determine the local co-ordinates of the point P whose Cartesian co-ordinates as(6,4)



6. The composite wall consists of three materials shown in figure. The inside wall temperature is at 200°C and the outside air temperature is 50°C with a convection coefficient of $10 \text{ W/m}^2 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. Determine the temperature along the composite wall



7. Derive one dimensional steady state heat conduction equation

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

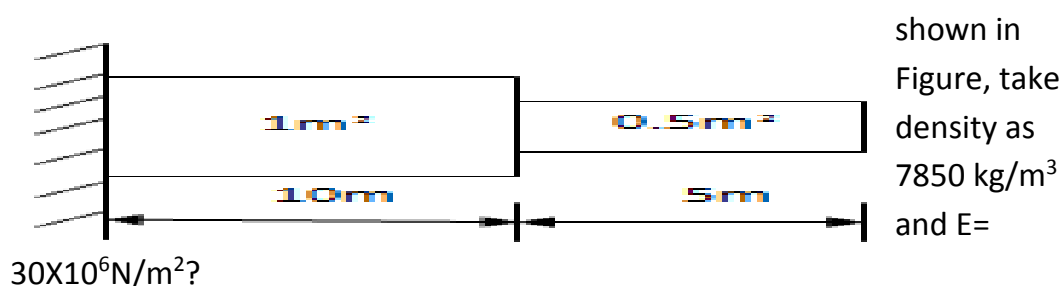
- NPTL VIDEO LINKS:
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mf-eSiS9oWg>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3WtCixoFHIY>
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PhedVyx_G8o
- STUDY MATERIAL: STUDY MATERIAL: Contents available in digital Notes. I will attach the Text books in what'up group
- PPTs: Available in digital Notes

UNIT-5

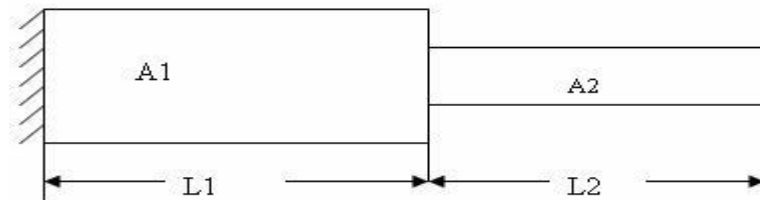
S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Dynamic Analysis introduction	2. Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
2	Formulation of finite element model	2. Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	
3	Elemental Stiffness matrices,	2. Finite Element Analysis in Engineering & S.Md.Jalaludeen	

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:**UNIT – V**

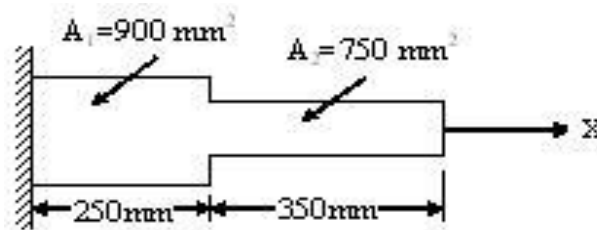
1. Determine the Eigen values and Eigen Vectors for the stepped bar as



2. Define a.) Eigen value and Eigenvector b.) Dynamic analysis
3. Determine natural frequencies and corresponding mode shapes for the figure
4. Take $L_1=1\text{m}$, $L_2=2\text{m}$, $A_1=2\text{m}^2$, $A_2=1\text{m}^2$, $\rho = 7850 \text{ kg/m}^3$, $E = 200\text{Gpa}$

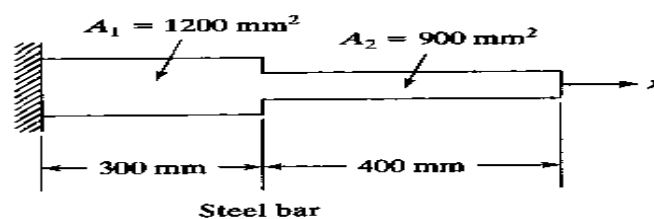


4. Consider axial vibration of the steel bar shown in Figure.6,
 - i) Develop the global stiffness and mass matrices
 - ii) Determine the natural frequencies and mode shapes using the characteristic Polynomial technique.

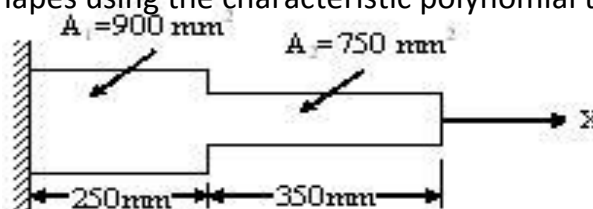


5. Write short note on a.) Eigen vectors for a stepped beam b.) Evaluation of Eigen values

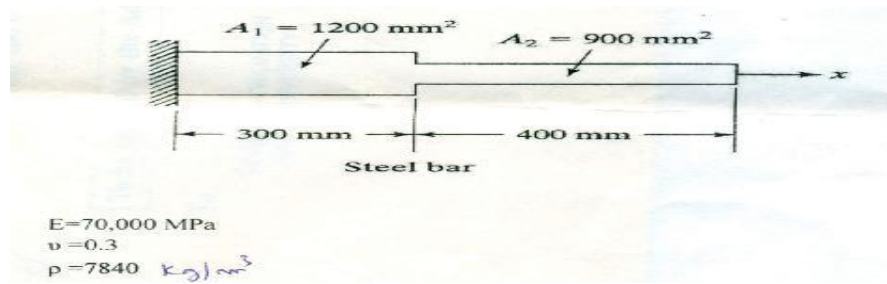
6. Determine natural frequencies for a Steel bar as shown in figure.



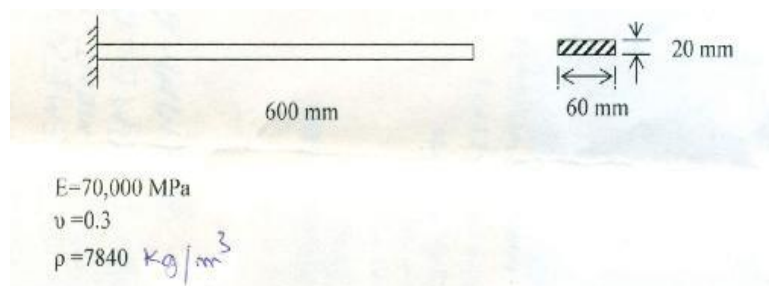
7. a.) Write a short note on damping.
- b.) Consider axial vibration of the steel bar shown in Figure., Develop the global stiffness and mass matrices Determine the natural frequencies and mode shapes using the characteristic polynomial technique



- 8.) Consider axial vibration of the steel bar shown in Fig. a) Develop the global stiffness and mass matrices b) By hand calculations, determine the lowest natural frequency and mode shape 1 and 2



- 9.) Write the step by step procedure to determine the frequencies and nodal displacements of the steel cantilever beam shown in Figure.



ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

1. NPTL VIDEO LINKS:
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w-TDsOqJ5gw>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NuX7SUEIOXU>
2. STUDY MATERIAL: STUDY MATERIAL: Contents available in digital Notes. I will attach the Text books in what'up group
3. PPTs: Available in digital Notes



**COURSE COVERAGE SUMMARY A.Y:2019-20****III YEAR B. TECH II SEMESTER (C-SECTION)****CAD / CAM (R17A0322)****UNIT-1**

S.NO	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Computers in Industrial Manufacturing	CAD/CAM: Principles and Applications, 3rd EDITION by P.N. Rao	1
2	Product cycle		2
3	CAD / CAM Hardware		21
4	Computer Graphics		53
5	Transformations		70

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

1. With neat sketch, explain the product life cycle in a computerized manufacturing environment
2. List and explain any three types of input, Storage and display devices.
3. Explain the basic principle of CRT? Explain about Raster Scan Display System?
4. A line is defined by its end points (0, 0) and (2, 3) in a 2-D graphics system. Perform the following transformations on this line:
 - A. Scale the line by a factor of 2.0.
 - B. Translate the line by 2 units in X – direction and 2 units in Y – direction
 - C. Rotate the original line by 45° about the origin
5. What do you understand by the CPU and ALU? List the advantages of computer aided design?
6. Explain about the types of production? And Elaborate on the basic requirements that a CAD software as to satisfy?
7. The two end points of a line segment have co-ordinates (1, 3) and (3, 6). If this is to be scaled to twice its present size, write the transformation matrix and the co-ordinates of the new end points.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTL VIDEO LINKS:

Computers in Industrial Manufacturing - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vO1lc75jtiM>

Product cycle - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U0QbBY4JPvw>

CAD / CAM Hardware - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GNMt5hEy3bQ>

Computer Graphics –

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NmMky9Pg8Yc&list=PLrjkTql3jnm9cY0ijEyr2fPdownH-0t8EY>

Transformations - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gNBPW_9D23w

- STUDY MATERIAL:

https://mrcet.com/downloads/digital_notes/ME/III%20year/COMPUTER%20AIDED%20DESIGN%20COMPUTER%20AIDED%20MANUFACTURING.pdf

- PPTs:

https://drive.google.com/open?id=1zPNZ_0J9QD31zpXmVp1Oeb1q5-yIVJ-q

UNIT-2

S.NO	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Requirements of Geometric Modelling	CAD/CAM: Principles and Applications, 3rd EDITION by P.N. Rao	97
2	Geometric Models		99
3	Geometric Construction Models		102
4	Curve Representation Methods		122
5	Surface Representation Methods		139
6	Solid Representation Methods		152
7	Modelling Facilities Desired		164

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

1. Define geometric modeling? Illustrate the requirements of geometric models and explain the need of geometric modeling.
2. Explain about order of continuity equation? derive the expression for hermit cubic spline
3. Explain Bezier curve with neat sketch. Also write its characteristics and obtain the parametric equation for the same



4. A cubic Bezier curve is defined by the control points as (0, 0), (1, 2), (3, 2) and (2, 0). Find the equation of the curve and calculate the point at $U = 0.4$ and $U = 0.6$.
5. Explain about C-rep & B-rep approaches in solid modeling
6. Enumerate the difference between wireframe, surface and solid modeling
7. Explain the following terms in detail with respect to surface modelling?
 - A. Cylindrical surface
 - B. Ruled Surface and
 - C. Composite surface.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTL VIDEO LINKS:
 GEOMETRIC MODELLING - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sF7SNDd5aX0&list=PLLvBXFAV-DeLYJkmexmAEO-qb2miY97C_&index=3
 SURFACE MODELLING - <https://youtu.be/ONj8HDP4PYw>
 SOLID MODELLING [Section-A] <https://youtu.be/ldqvKzc3NRU>
 SOLID MODELLING [Section-B] <https://youtu.be/ZqPjhdTFEMM>
 SOLID MODELLING [Section-C] <https://youtu.be/RSJARgxtfh0>
- STUDY MATERIAL:
https://mrcet.com/downloads/digital_notes/ME/III%20year/COMPUTER%20AIDED%20DESIGN%20COMPUTER%20AIDED%20MANUFACTURING.pdf
- PPTs:
<https://slideplayer.com/slide/12059331/>

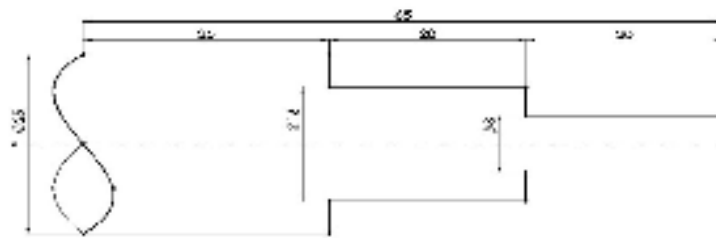
UNIT-3

S.NO	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Numerical Control	CAD/CAM: Principles and Applications, 3rd EDITION by P.N. Rao	260
2	Numerical Control modes		263
3	Numerical Control Elements		264
4	Structure of CNC machine tools		274
5	CNC turning centre		324
6	CNC Part Programming fundamentals		350
7	Computer Aided Part Programming		454

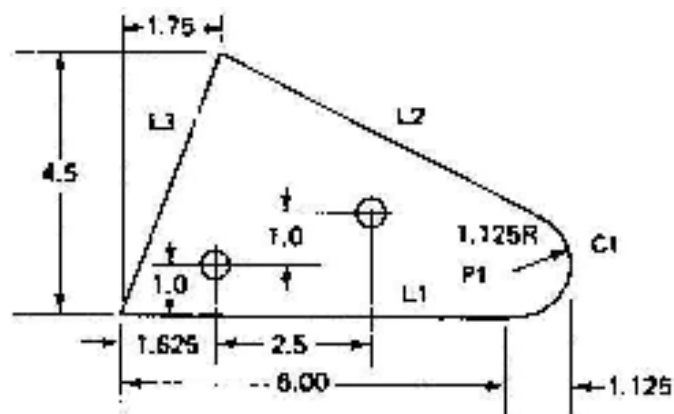


ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

1. Briefly discuss the following NC motion control systems.
 - A. Point -to-point
 - B. Straight cut
 - C. Contouring
2. What is meant by APT? Explain geometric and motion commands of APT?
3. List out and explain 10 G-Codes and 10 M-Codes in detail
4. With neat sketch, explain the basic components of an NC system
5. Distinguish between NC and CNC machines
6. Discuss the advantages and limitations of open loop and closed loop systems
7. Write the procedure for writing computer assisted part programming?
 - a. Write a CNC Turning Programming for the figure 1



- b. Write an APT Programming for the figure 2.

**ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:**

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS:

Numerical Control - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5b8P3flb26I>

Computer Numerical Control - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=S3cOTf4YdJQ>

APT - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4Bsy9NnekI0>



- STUDY MATERIAL:

https://mrcet.com/downloads/digital_notes/ME/III%20year/COMPUTER%20AIDED%20DESIGN%20COMPUTER%20AIDED%20MANUFACTURING.pdf

- PPTs:

Numerical control - https://drive.google.com/open?id=1F2nKNfi1b-zJpr9H9hRakFRIWzB_UCJv

APT - <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1a7hTpzlbcka9rE9iasKdAAk2fJpNzrOe>

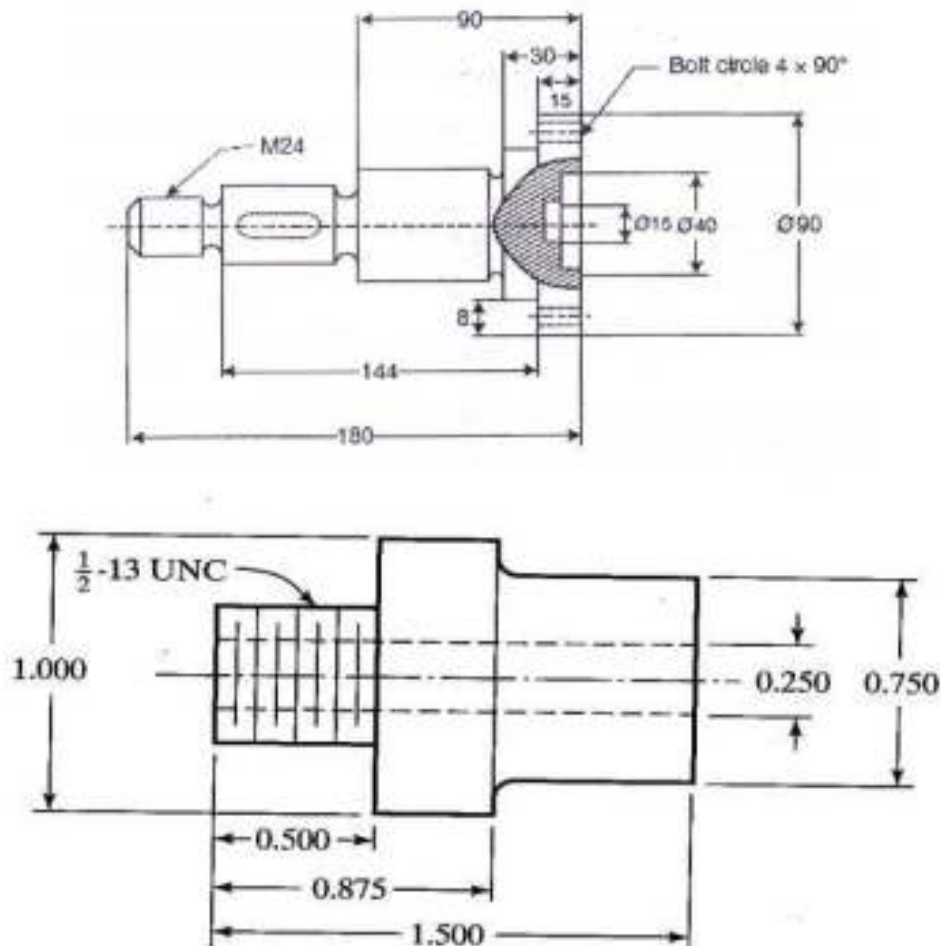
UNIT-4

S.NO	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Group Technology	CAD/CAM: Computer-Aided Design and Manufacturing by Groover	524
2	Part classification and coding		528
3	Product flow analysis		536
4	Computer Aided Processes Planning		549
5	Generative type CAPP		554

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

1. Define group technology and discuss about production flow analysis with an example. Also mention the advantages and limitations of PFA
2. A. Explain the various difficulties in traditional process planning in detail.
B. What is meant by CAPP? List out types of process planning
C. Explain need of process planning?
3. Explain about variant and generative type process planning systems.
4. What factors must be considered while selecting a classification and coding system?
5. Define part family? List about various types of parts classification and coding systems. Develop the OPITZ form code (first 5 digits) with justification for the component shown in figures





ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTL VIDEO LINKS:
GROUP TECHNOLOGY - <https://youtu.be/WZ2U6W7FWx0>
COMPUTER AIDED PROCESSES PLANNING - https://youtu.be/nt_gK-jWF6w
- STUDY MATERIAL:
https://mrcet.com/downloads/digital_notes/ME/III%20year/COMPUTER%20AIDED%20DESIGN%20COMPUTER%20AIDED%20MANUFACTURING.pdf
- PPTs:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=17mMhHZaSahwY9vVQUEFURbgHxX4sdTH>



UNIT-5

S.NO	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Computer Aided Quality Control	CAD/CAM: Computer-Aided Design and Manufacturing by Groover	440
2	Terminology in Quality Control		442
3	Computer in QC		445
4	Contact Inspection Methods		447
5	Non-Contact Inspection Methods-Optical		449
6	Non-Contact Inspection Methods- Non-Optical		455
7	Integration of CAQC with CAD/CAM		460
8	Computer Integrated Manufacturing		463
9	Types of Manufacturing Systems		465
10	Computer Control Systems		475
11	CIMS benefits		480

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

1. Define computer aided quality control and Discuss various types of contact inspection methods with neat diagram
2. Explain the different types of Non-Contact inspection techniques used in computer- aided quality control systems.
3. With the help of schematic diagram explain the measurement system based on scanning laser beam system explain its applications in CAQC systems?
4. State the advantages of CIM in manufacturing industry in detail? Explain the role of human labor in CIM
5. Sketch and explain the elements of machine vision?

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTL VIDEO LINKS:

COMPUTER INTERGRATED MANUFACTURING (CIM): <https://youtu.be/VzibGwba3Qs>

COMPUTER AIDED QUALITY CONTROL (CAQC) : <https://youtu.be/5wSzRE4K4PI>

- STUDY MATERIAL:

CAQC -

https://mrcet.com/downloads/digital_notes/ME/III%20year/COMPUTER%20AIDED%20DESIGN%20COMPUTER%20AIDED%20MANUFACTURING.pdf

CIM - <https://drive.google.com/open?id=17zW8pf-c52-V9TwwPTXw0NBXilqmjduH>

- PPTs:

CAQC - <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1wU038H5Ck4lyfLyO6RcGgyplIAw7pWGO>

CIM - https://www.slideshare.net/viswa375/ch9-computer-integrated-manufacturing?next_slideshow=1





MALLA REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(Autonomous Institution – UGC, Govt. of India)

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

COURSE COVERAGE SUMMARY A.Y:2019-20

III YEAR B. TECH II SEMESTER (C-SECTION)

HEAT TRANSFER (R17A0321)

UNIT-1

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Basic modes of heat transfer- Rate equations	Class Notes,Digital Notes	14-22
2	Differential heat conduction equations	Class Notes,Digital Notes	23-38
3	Steady state one dimensional heat conduction solutions	Class Notes,Digital Notes	38-41
4	composite slabs, cylinders and spheres	Class Notes,Digital Notes	42-52
5	Critical thickness of insulation	Class Notes,Digital Notes	53-56
6	Heat conduction through fins, Fin effectiveness and efficiency	Class Notes,Digital Notes	71-86

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- Derive general conduction equation in Cartesian coordinates?
- Derive conduction equation in cylindrical coordinates?
- Explain the physical significance of critical thickness of insulation considering the example of small diameter wire and steam pipe.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xAcZ9-zNYIY>
- STUDY MATERIAL: Class Notes, Digital Notes, Heat and Mass Transfer by ... R.K.Rajput, JP Hollman, Data Book
- PPTs: Digital Notes pages 94-105

UNIT-2

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	I-D Transient heat conduction	Class Notes,Digital Notes	110
2	Lumped system analysis,	Class Notes,Digital Notes	111-116
3	Solutions by use of Heisler charts	Digital Notes, Refer Class Notes	117-122

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- Two large steel plates at temperatures of 120°C and 80°C are separated by a steel rod 300 mm long and 25 mm in diameter. The rod is welded to each plate. The space between the plates is filled with insulation, which also insulates the circumference of the rod. Because of a voltage difference between the two plates, current flows through the rod, dissipating electrical energy at a rate of 150 W. Find out the maximum temperature in the rod and the heat flux. Take k for the rod as 47 W/m K.
- A Hollow heat cylinder with $r_1=30$ mm and $r_2=50$ mm, $k=15$ W/mK is heated on the inner surface at a rate of 10^5 W/m² and dissipates heat by conduction from the outer surface to a fluid at 100 °C with $h=400$ W/m²K. Find the temperature inside and outside surfaces of the cylinder. and also find rate of heat transfer through the wall
- What are heisler charts? Under what conditions heisler charts are used in heat transfer problems.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTL VIDEO LINKS: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=W1m036J7qXU>
- STUDY MATERIAL: Class Notes, Digital Notes, Heat and Mass Transfer by ... R.K.Rajput, JP Hollman, Data Book
- PPTs: Digital Notes pages 123-134

UNIT-3

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Boundary layer theory concept	Class Notes, Digital Notes	156-159
2	Free, and Forced convection	Class Notes, Digital Notes	153-155
3	Problems	Class Notes, Digital Notes	171-175
4	Dimensionless numbers and Empirical correlations.	Class Notes, Digital Notes	145-148

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- Explain the concept of hydrodynamic and thermal boundary layers.
- What is the physical significance of the Nusselt number? How is it defined.
- A steam pipe 50 mm diameter and 2.5 m long has been placed horizontally and exposed to still air at 25°C. If the pipe wall temperature is 295°C, determine the rate of heat loss. The thermo physical properties of air at 160°C are $k = 3.64 \times 10^{-2}$ W/m-deg, $\nu = 30.09 \times 10^{-6}$ m²/s, $Pr = 0.682$. Use correlation $Nu = 0.53 (Gr Pr)^{1/4}$



ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BiIVxT0IW7U>
- STUDY MATERIAL Class Notes, Digital Notes, Heat and Mass Transfer by ... R.K.Rajput, JP Hollman, Data Book
- PPTs: Digital Notes pages 177-185

UNIT-4

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Types of heat exchangers, Counter flow- Cross flow heat exchangers	Class Notes,Digital Notes	191-195
3	Overall heat transfer coefficient	Class Notes,Digital Notes	198-200
4	LMTD and NTU methods-	Class Notes,Digital Notes	203-225
5	Fouling factor - Heat exchangers with phase change.	Class Notes,Digital Notes	200-201
6	Different regimes of boiling- Nucleate, Transition and Film boiling	Class Notes,Digital Notes	227-232
7	Condensation: Laminar film condensation-Empirical relations	Class Notes,Digital Notes	236
8	Nusselt's theory- Condensation on vertical flat plate and horizontal tubes- Drop wise condensation	Class Notes,Digital Notes	237-238

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- Discuss the various regimes of nucleate boiling and explain the conditions for the growth of bubble. What is the effect of bubble size on boiling?
- Explain dropwise condensation and film condensation
- A 3 mm thick metal plate, having thermal conductivity $k = 98.6 \text{ W/m-deg}$ is exposed to vapour at 100°C on one side and cooling water at 30°C on the opposite side. The heat transfer coefficients are: $h_i = 14200 \text{ W/m}^2\text{-deg}$ (on the vapour side) and $h_o = 2325 \text{ W/m}^2\text{-deg}$ (on the water side). Determine the rate of heat transfer, the overall heat transfer coefficient and the drop in temperature at each side of heat transfer

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GgFSBuf3AIE> , https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jc_hL_tSFzo
- STUDY MATERIAL: Class Notes, Digital Notes, Heat and Mass Transfer by ... R.K.Rajput, JP Hollman, Data Book



- PPTs: Digital notes pages 239-253

UNIT-5

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1	Black body radiation- radiation field, Kirchhoff's laws	Digital Notes	258-274
2	shape factor- Stefan Boltzman equation	Digital Notes	279-296
3	Radiant heat exchange, parallel and perpendicular surfaces	Digital Notes	279-296

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- A furnace emits radiation at 2000 K. Treating it as a black body, calculate the (i) monochromatic radiant flux density at $1\ \mu$ wavelength (ii) wavelength at which emission is maximum and the corresponding radiant flux density (iii) total emissive power.
- Explain Kirchhoff's law in detail.
- Radiant energy with an intensity of $800\ \text{W/m}^2$ strikes a flat plate normally. The absorptivity is twice the transmissivity and thrice the reflectivity. Determine the rate of absorption, transmission and reflection of energy.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-wMhiqvTfxc>
- STUDY MATERIAL: Digital Notes, Heat and Mass Transfer by ... R.K.Rajput, JP Hollman, Data Book
- PPTs: Digital Notes pages 297-306



**COURSE COVERAGE SUMMARY A.Y:2019-20****III YEAR B. TECH II SEMESTER (C-SECTION)****AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING (R17A0323)****UNIT-1**

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1.	Types of automobiles vehicle construction & difference layouts	RK Rajput	3-5
2.	Chassis, Frame and body, Vehicle aerodynamics	RK Rajput	5
3.	IC Engine Components	RK Rajput	24-33
4.	Functions and Materials	RK Rajput	24-33
5.	Variable Valve Timing	Notes Given	

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- Refer to Digital Notes

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS:
- STUDY MATERIAL: Circulated
- PPTs: Refer to Digital Notes

UNIT-2

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Author	Pages
1.	ECG Injection system for SI Engine	RK Rajput	296
2.	ECI System (Unit Injector System, Rotary Type)	RK Rajput	315-326
3.	CRDI	RK Rajput	317
4.	EIS (Transistorized and Capacitive Discharge)	RK Rajput	Notes Given, 644
5.	Turbo Chargers (WGT, VGT)	RK Rajput	159
6.	Engine Emission by Three Way Catalytic Converter System	SK Gupta	572
7.	Emission Norms (Euro & BS)	SK Gupta	566

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- Refer to Digital Notes

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS:
- STUDY MATERIAL: Refer Digital Notes
- PPTs: Refer to Digital Notes

UNIT-3

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1.	Clutch Types	KK Jain & RB Asthana	188-200
2.	Construction of gear box (Manual & Automatic Mechanism)	KK Jain & RB Asthana	208-216
3.	Over Drive, Transfer box, Flywheel, Torque converter	KK Jain & RB Asthana	217
4.	Propeller Shaft, Slip Joint	KK Jain & RB Asthana	228-230

5.	Universal Joints, Differential & Rear Axle	KK Jain & RB Asthana	228-230
6.	Hotch Kiss Drive and Torque Tube Drive	KK Jain & RB Asthana	235-242

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- Refer to Digital Notes

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS:
- STUDY MATERIAL: Refer Digital Notes
- PPTs: Refer to Digital Notes

UNIT-4

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1.	Steering Geometry and types of steering gear box	RK Rajput	528, 539
2.	Power steering, Types of front axle	RK Rajput	546, 552
3.	Types of Suspension Systems	KK Jain & RB Asthana	292- 299
4.	Pneumatic and Hydraulic Braking systems	KK Jain & RB Asthana	292- 299
5.	Antilock Braking System (ABS)	KK Jain & RB Asthana	275
6.	Electronic Brake force distribution and Traction Control	RK Rajput	581-583

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- Refer to Digital Notes

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS:
- STUDY MATERIAL: Refer Digital Notes
- PPTs: Refer to Digital Notes

UNIT-5

S.N.	Topic as per the syllabus	Textbook & Author	Pages
1.	Use of Natural Gas, LPG, Bio-Diesel, Bio-Ethanol	SK Gupta	579
2.	Gasohol and Hydrogen in automobile	SK Gupta	578
3.	Engine Modifications required performance	SK Gupta	577
4.	Combustion and Emission Characteristics of SI & CI Engine With alternate fuels	SK Gupta	577-579
5.	Electric and hybrid Vehicles and Fuel Cells	Document Attached	

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

- Refer to Digital Notes

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

- NPTEL VIDEO LINKS:
- STUDY MATERIAL: Refer Digital Notes
- PPTs: Refer to Digital Notes

